



* (Section B) *

* Q No 2 = *

(i) (a) * (Answer) *

* Reference to the Context:- *

These lines have been taken from the poem "The Solitary Reaper" written by William Wordsworth.

A young highland girl is working in a field. She is alone and she is singing a song by herself. She is singing a melodious song which catches the poet's attention. He has fallen in love with the voice of this beautiful lady. Nothing can match her voice not even the beautiful voice of nightingale and cuckoo bird. He does not know about the theme of the song.



but he loves the tone of this song. The sad song of the lady has long lasting effect on his heart.

★Explanation :-★

The poet is praising a beautiful lady singing a sad song. She has a sickle in her hand, cutting crop in a bent motion. The poet is very much impressed by her beautiful voice. He is listening her song in a static position.

After climbing the mountain, the song fills his heart. The poet has fallen in love with the beautiful voice of the lady. According to him nobody has sung such a beautiful song after that lady.

(ii) (a) Answer:-

Paraphrase :- When  meet



with modern man at his house for the first time, he welcomes me warmly and invites me to come again and again. When I go there for the second time, he also welcome me and gives me such attention. But on my third visit he shuts his door on me.

(ii) (a) *Answer:-*

Paraphrase:-

The people in the past were really sincere and whole-hearted. They used to shake hands with affection and enthusiasm. My son! Those golden days have been gone. Now the people shake hands just for their selfish means. They have no affection for some one nowadays.

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(iii) ***Answer:-***

Jinnah said that some people were not in favor of partition of India. But after the partition, it was the duty of every Pakistani to work for the betterment of the country.

(iv) ***Answer:-***

Armand Aubigny belongs to well known Aubigny family. He believed in racism and showed an inhumane treatment towards his slaves. Then he fell in love with Desirée and the feeling of love made him a good person for a time being. Later on, his racial thoughts had influenced him again and he left his wife and his son. He was the true representation of white racist class.



(vi) Answer:-

Pakistan is a beautiful country. Its scenic beauty attracts countless tourists towards itself. It has snow capped mountains in Northern areas. Its Northern area and Azad Kashmir are famous for highest peaks, lush and green valleys, lakes and meadows. Kaghan valley and Swat has a natural beauty. There are natural beaches in Balochistan. All these qualities makes Pakistan best holidays destination for tourists.

(vii) Answer:-

Jinnah envisions freedom of thought, freedom of speech and religion for people of Pakistan in general. He has wanted people to be free from the chains of ethnicities.

(x) ~~*Answer:-*~~

The writer says
 "When we look at stars we look at history". It means that a long time ago, in a universe, a distant objects like stars were in different shape. These objects are far away. Through the light coming from these objects, we come to know about their shape. But the light reaching to us is the light that has started travelling million of years ago. It tells us about the previous condition of these objects. Now they are in a different shapes.

(xiii) ~~*Answer:-*~~

The story is based on the theme that life is precious and faith and hope should never be lost. We come across many hindrances in life.



and they should be overcome by fighting back in high spirits. Depression can lead to disaster even when the situation is not bad.

(xi) *Answer:-*

The Holy Prophet ﷺ himself Shad devised a defensive strategy in the battle of Uhud because the enemies were well-equipped and larger in number. He wanted them to siege the city of Madina. As a result, the army of the enemy would spread.

The plan was to let the enemies forces spread and to attack them in different phases.

(ix) *Answer:-*

Alliteration :-

Alliteration is the

repetition of consonant sounds in the same line in quick succession.

Examples from "The solitary Reapet"

(1)

Sound of /P/ in "Perhaps the plaintive numbers flow"

(2)

Sound of /n/ in "No nightingale did ever chant".

* (Section C) *

* Q No 5 :- * Answer *

* Summary :- *

Battle of Uhud was an extension of the Battle of Badr. A large army of 3,000 of the Qureish Makkah led by Abu Sufyan set out for Madina to avenge their



earlier defeat.

The Holy Prophet ﷺ held a council of war to listen about the intentions. According to the opinion of young muslims, the Holy Prophet agreed to meet the enemy in the open field outside Madina. The number of Muslim force was 1000 but on the way to the battle field, three hundred hypocrites led by Abdullah bin Ubayy withdrew and went to their homes. The Holy Prophet was thus left with 700 persons only.

The archers were commanded to take up their position at Uhudon, the rising ground and not to abandon their posts under any circumstances. When the muslims broke the enemy's line, and the Qureish fell back, the contingent of the Muslim archers, contrary



to the instructions of the Holy Prophet left their position in order to plunder the camp of the retreating Qureish. Khalid bin Walid, who had not yet converted to Islam, rushed with his contingent of cavalry, and occupied the position. The defense of the Muslims were broken. Many Muslims including Hamza R.A, an uncle of the Holy Prophet were martyred. A Sahabi, Mas'ab bin Omair R.A, who had some physical resemblance with the Holy Prophet, fell fighting, and seeing his dead body, the Qureish shouted that Muhammad S.A.W had been killed. The Holy Prophet got severe injuries. At this juncture, the Holy Prophet S.A.W charged Ali R.A to launch a counter attack against the Qureish. Ali R.A and his companions



Kept on fighting until they succeeded
in driving back the Quseish.

* Q No 4 *

(a) * Answers:- *

- (i) He asked if they had visited the museum before it closed.
- (ii) She said that she had not been feeling well for days.
- (iii) He asked "Are you writing an article about the climate change?".
- (iv) He asked if ~~it~~ had heard the latest news ~~about~~ the elections.
- (v) They applauded that we have played wonderfully.

* Q No 4 *

(b) * Answers:- *



Words	Meanings	Sentences
Throne	ٹراؤن	In ancient time, kings used to wear golden thrones.
Thrown	لیا، لیکی	The garbage was thrown in the dustbin.
Sent	لیو۔	I sent an application to the school for sick leave.
Cent	سینٹ	I found a cent in the street of my house.
Moss	کوس	The ship will moor at the harbor tonight.
More	وکھلے، نوں	I need more care of my parents during illness.
Soar	جڑی، لپپی	Eagles and birds soar high in the sky.
Sore	چوارخا	I am feeling sore throat due to drinking cold water.
Meat	کوکس	I like to eat meat.



with my friends in gathering.

Meet lib I wish to meet my uncle who is working in Dubai.

*Qno 3:- *Answer:- *

*The impact of Gender Equality on National Progress:-

Gender equality is a key factor in the development of any nation.

When men and women are given equal opportunities in education, employment and leadership, it leads to a more balanced and productive society. A country cannot achieve its full potential if half of its population is left behind due to discrimination.



and inequality. Empowering women through equal rights ensures that their talents and skills contribute to the national development. Educated and employed women not only support their families but also play a crucial role in building the economy. Studies have shown that nations with higher gender equality have stronger economic growth, better health care systems and improved educational outcomes. Gender equality also brings diversity to decision-making. When both men and women participate in leadership roles, they bring different perspectives, leading to better policies and inclusive governance. In addition, gender equal societies tend to be more peaceful, just and respectful of human rights. Moreover, promoting gender equalities helps reduce poverty. Women are more likely to invest



their earnings in the welfare of their families, including education and health. This results in a healthier, more educated generation, contributing to long-term national progress.

However, achieving gender equality requires not only laws and policies but also a change in social attitudes.

In conclusion, gender equality is not just a matter of social injustice, it is a smart strategy for sustainable national development. When men and women are treated equally and fairly, the entire nation benefits.