



{ SECTION B }

{ QUE 2 }

(i)

(a)

(5)

REFERENCE TO THE CONTEXT:

These lines have been taken from the poem "The Solitary Reaper" written by William Wordsworth. In this poem, the poet describes a girl who is working lonely in the field and also she is singing a melodious song. The poet is deeply impressed by her song and

he remembers the melody of the song after he had left the place where she was singing. The poet being a poet of nature is deeply impressed by the natural melodious effect of the song.

EXPLANATION:

In these lines, the poet tells us that the girl is cutting the crops with sickle in bent motion. The poet further describes that he listens to the song of the girl without motion and he was standing still. As he mounted up the hill, he was so impressed by the melodious song of the girl that it goes straight to his heart. He remembers the song of the girl long after he had left the place where

the girl was singing the melancholy
song.

(ii)

(b)

REFERENCE:

Poem: ~~All the World's stages~~
Poet: William Shakespeare

PARAPHRASE:

the first stage of the play that is played by all the humans on the stage of world is the infancy. In this stage he is dependent on others, he cry and throws up the milk and vomit in the hands of mother or nurse.

The second stage of the play is the boyhood. In this he goes

to school unwillingly. His face shines bright like the morning. He carries his bag and goes to school unwillingly at the speed of a snail.

(iii)

ANSWER:

The views of the Muhammad Ali Jinnah about the partition was that, the partition of india the way it has done than was inevitable. He said that any idea of the united India could have been dangerous. The future history will prove the present partition, righteous. Many people will disagree with this division, but now they have to accept it and work together for the welfare of the country.

(iv)

ANSWER:

MEANING OF BUBBLE REPUTATION:

In the poem, the phrase Bubble reputation means the temporary reputation of this world. The people strive severely for this temporary reputation which is going to end anyway after their death. The people risk everything for this impermanent reputation.

(v)

ANSWER:

CHARACTER SKETCH OF ARMAND AUBIGNY:

Introduction:

Armand Aubigny was a rich person who inherited the plantation of his father and also he belongs to the one of the prestigious families of Louisiana.

As a husband:

Armand fell in love with Desiree at first sight and quickly marries her. He did not care for the origin of her family as she was adopted by the Valmonde family. He loves her very much but until the baby boy of dark skin tone was born. He treated her very badly after that.

As a father:

As a father he was also not good. He did not care for his own child. He considers his son as a shame for his family. He was not present with him at his first birthday. He did not spend time with his own son. The only reason was that his son had dark skin tone.

As a proud person:

Armand was a very proud person. His only goal in life was to maintain a good social status. He did not care for anything else. He only wants a son because if a girl was born, it would have badly influence his name.

(viii)

5

ANSWER:

The freedom envisioned by the Muhammad Ali Jinnah for the people of Pakistan is as follows;

- Freedom in practicing their religion and performing all the religious rituals.
- Indiscrimination in religion, justice, job seeking etc.
- State being the protector of the people's life and other things.

Muhammad Ali Jinnah on one occasion said that;

"You are free to go to

your mosques, temples or any place
of worship in the state of
Pakistan"

(vii)

ANSWER:

The Prophet (S.A.W) is
the last prophet of the chain
of the prophethood, that's why
Holy Prophet (S.A.W) equate himself with
the last brick of otherwise complete
house of the prophethood.

Allah stops the revelation
of the prophets on Prophet (S.A.W).
The chain that was started
from Hazrat Adam (A.S) stops on
Hazrat Muhammad (S.A.W).

In a hadith, Prophet (S.A.W)
said that;

"I am the last Prophet;

no prophet is after me."

(X)

ANSWER:

The writer means that when we look at the stars we look at history because the stars are formed by Allah long ago, about a billion years ago. Light from these stars reaches us after a long period of time. The beam of today's light from the stars is observed that is the same present long ago. So when we look at the stars we look at the history.

(XI)

ANSWER:

DEFENSIVE STRATEGY OF

PROPHET (S.A.W):

The holy Prophet (S.A.W) adopt the defensive strategy because ^{for} he wants to divide the enemy into groups and they would attack on the enemy on the weaker side and defeat them.

If Prophet (S.A.W) did not have adopt the defensive strategy then the enemy would have surround the city of Madina and would have been difficult for them to defeat the infidals.

(xiii)

ANSWER:

LESSON FROM THE LAST LEAF:

The lesson we get from the last leaf is that of sacrifice. We should sacrifice our life for the well-being of other just like the old Behramen from the story. He painted a fresh and green leaf, on the wall outside the Johnsy's window, in a stormy weather in order to save her life and himself get pneumonia and die.

Another lesson we get from the story is that Friendship can be of great help in time of crisis. Sue take alot of care of Johnsy during her disease and tried every single way to treat her from her illness.

{ SECTION C }

{ QUE 5 }

SUMMARY OF LESSON FROM BATTLE OF UHUD!

The battle of Uhud was the fury, wrath, vengeance and ignominy of the battle of Badr. Many famous Quraish leaders were killed during that battle. So the infidels want to take revenge from Muslims. The infidels have a huge army of skillful warriors. They were thumping tambourines and have a group of women under the direction of Hinda who were singing enthusiastic war ballad.

On the other hand, Muslims' army was not huge as the Quraysh. So Hazrat Muhammad adopt a defensive strategy and decide to face the enemy outside Madina in an open field. At the time when Muslim reaches the battle field, 300 hypocrite separates from the Muslim army.

Hazrat Muhammad (S.A.W) set a group of archers on the mountain behind the battle field and told them that don't come down whatever the situation is.

When the battle started, the Muslims were heavy on the enemy and Muslims were about to win but when archers saw this, they came down to collect the Ma-e-ghanimat. The other archers told them not to go down but they

don't listen. Only 10 archers were left on the mountain.

The infidels were running from the battlefield and when Khalid bin Walid saw, at that time he was not a muslim, the archers coming down and that few archers were left behind he attacked on them and attack on muslims.

The muslims began to lose the battle. The rumor of Holy Prophet (S.A.W) death was spread in the battlefield but he was badly injured and was defended by Hazrat Ali and the ansars.

The battle that could have been won by the muslims ended up like this. From this battle, we get lesson of the obedience of Prophet. Every muslim should obey

the teachings of Prophet (S.A.W) in every field of life and should never think of disobeying him.

QUE 3

(C)

ESSAY:

Gender equality means equal rights to both male and female.

Gender equality has a great impact on the National progress.

If only males are given the rights of proper education and are provided with all the opportunities then only they will be succeeded in life. The female that are not given the rights and are not

not provided with the opportunities then they will not succeed in life and will only be confined to their houses. Their talent will be wasted and also it will greatly effect the national progress of the country.

The female population in the world is about 50%. and if they don't take part in progress of their countries, they will be greatly impacted.

Those countries in which the females are suppressed never ever became successful. If females and males are provided with the same opportunities and rights and both goes to the different fields such as medicals, engineering, technology etc, then these fields

will touch the peaks of success and when these fields grows, the country also grows.

Gender equality has a great effect on the economy of the country. In those countries, the economy does not make any progress where there is gender inequality, because in those countries males are only working in all the fields and don't make any progress and as a result the economy of the country tatter. Gender inequality is the root for the poor economy.

Gender equality is very important for the national progress of a country, without the gender equality there will be no progress.

Equal rights in education, health etc is really very important, by providing equal rights to

both male and female, gender equality can be achieved and when it is achieved the national progress of the country also occur.

In short, gender equality is the key to the national progress.

QUE 4

(b)

1 Throne تخت و تاج

He was sitting proudly on his throne.

Thrown لیلیب

The ball was thrown to me by Aslam

Sent

دیکھنا

I sent an email to Fatima.

Cent

پاکستانی

I converted the Pakistani rupees into cents.

Moor

موت

The farmer ploughed in the moor.

More

مزید

Moreover, this is not true.

Soar

اڑنا

The birds soar high in the sky.

Sore

سوزش / آزار

I have a sore throat. ✓

Meat

گوشت

I like to eat meat. ✓

Meet

ملاقات

It was a pleasure meeting you. ✓

(a)

i He asked, "Had they visited the museum before it closed?"

He asked that if they had visited the museum before it had closed. ✓



2 She said, "I hadn't been feeling well for days"

She said that she had not been feeling well for days.

3 He asked if I was writing an article about the climate change.

He asked, "Are you writing an article about the climate change?"

4 He asked, "Have you heard the latest news about the elections?"

He asked if I had heard the latest news about the elections.

5 He said, "Bravo! you played"